

No. 102 FEBRUARY 1977

Spearhead

15p



BRITISH JOBS FOR BRITISH WORKERS

Freeing Britain from the IMF — Page 6

Nationalist comment

WHAT WE THINK

on the month's news

Powell and final victory

We can offer nothing but praise for the speech on the race issue made by Enoch Powell last month, though there are, as ever, important reservations to be made about Mr. Powell and his pronouncements on immigration. Nevertheless, it would be churlish not to straight away acknowledge the courage of the man (albeit belated), which stands out as a unique thing amid the stupidity, the cowardice and the treason of nearly every single Establishment politician.

For the first time, Powell spoke of the "heroic measures" necessary to "alter the balance" between the indigenous and immigrant populations in this country. That statement alone will have contributed to a widening of the boundaries of what it is possible to advocate politically, and therefore to a perception on the part of the public that, despite the pariah status accorded to racist solutions by the media, they are both acceptable and practicable.

Having said that, it is important to

stress once again that Mr. Powell never has represented, nor even can represent a solution to Britain's racial problems. He has never at any time clearly advocated what is the only remedy if we are to avoid chaos — the obligatory repatriation of the whole immigrant and immigrant-descended population. Whatever his "heroic measures" may mean, they do not mean that, and therefore, in the final analysis, they mean nothing.

It is for this reason that Powell may easily become, and perhaps is becoming already, a means of diverting the public gaze from those of us in the National Front who, for the sake of the survival of the British race and nation, do offer that ultimate solution, fearlessly and without equivocation.

Above all, Enoch Powell is a lone individual — a man not only without a practical policy but without a party. Without the basis of a mass movement such as is being built in this country today by the National Front, nothing of any lasting political value can be achieved, because the first prerequisite is to gain control of the power structure now firmly in the hands of the multi-racist Establishment.

Enoch Powell is to be praised certainly; but for the final victory he could never be followed.

Party politics rules the law

Was Attorney-General Silkin within his rights in refusing to prosecute the Union of Post Office Workers for organising their members to disrupt communications with South Africa? Legal experts are still arguing this point even though the Court of Appeal ruled that he was wrong.

There appears to be, however, a strong case for saying that he was. Those who argue this case maintain that a quite impossible

situation would be created if every single breach of law resulted in prosecution, and that it does lie within the absolute discretion of the Attorney-General to decide when there will be prosecution and when not — a discretion which he may exercise according to his assessment of the public interest. He is in turn, it is argued, responsible to Parliament, who may call him to task if this discretion is abused.

This means of course that Parliament decides what constitutes such an abuse and what in fact the 'public interest' is. It may by a majority determine that the 'public interest' made it advisable that certain breaches of the law be not dealt with by prosecution, when in fact its interpretation of that 'public interest' is simply what safeguards the position of the party in power.

That certainly seems to be what has happened in the case of *Gouriet v. Union of Post Office Workers*. There can be no doubt that the action of the Union was in contravention of Section 58 of the 1953 Post Office Act, which makes it an offence for Post Office employees to interfere with the mails. By all normal criteria this would appear to be a breach of the law which the public interest required should be punished. As everyone knows, for Silkin to have authorised prosecution in this case would have been to stir up a massive revolt against the Government by the trade unions and the left-wing of the Labour Party. Politics determined, therefore, that there would be no prosecution.

Legally and constitutionally the Courts have ruled him to be wrong. Morally right he certainly was not — any more than the Government is morally right for not having used its influence in persuading the Attorney-General to act.

When loopholes in the law are exploited so blatantly and cynically for the purpose of survival in the party political game we can be truly regarded as having reached a new low in national decadence.

Eden and the Suez myth

As the media have rightly observed, Anthony Eden, who died last month, will chiefly be remembered as the man in the centre of the Suez crisis of 1956. While memories of Suez are revived, it is an opportune time to dispel some of the mythology surrounding it.

Suez, we are told, was the moment when Britain had to face the fact of her diminished power in the world and her

SAM SILKIN
A picture that says it all.



S P E A R H E A D

No. 102 FEBRUARY 1977

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inability anymore to use unilateral force in pursuit of her global policies.

This reading of the affair is in fact pure eyewash. It was not superior armed force that compelled Britain to withdraw from her occupation of the Suez Canal; in fact when the British and French forces approached the Canal they found the U.S. 6th Fleet drawn up in their path for the purposes of intimidation; refusing to be intimidated, they simply sailed right through it, and no counter-action was taken.

Britain only withdrew from the Canal after the United States had threatened full financial sanctions against her. Had Britain been ruled by a breed of politician prepared to say no to the International financial *elite*, we could have easily ignored this threat as it was almost certainly sheer bluff. Even had it not proved to be bluff, however, Britain could then, and could still now, defy such sanctions by the making of bilateral trading agreements with countries providing her main import needs and by appropriate adjustments in her own industrial planning.

This and every other flight from global power and responsibility undergone by Britain since 1945 could have been avoided. The national strength has not been lacking, only political leaders with the will to resist international blackmail.

Eden was not a great Prime Minister, but he was a better man than all those who have followed him. He simply lacked the tough fibre needed to govern a great nation in a hostile world. Suez was his and his fellow politicians' debacle, not Britain's.

From arrogance to anarchy

The overweening arrogance of the State of Israel is really something to behold. The release of the Palestinian terrorist Abu Daoud certainly was a craven act on the part of the French government however one looks at it, and represents yet another victory for international terrorism. Both France and West Germany preferred to wash their hands of him rather than invite possible terrorist retaliation, and thus displayed a pathetic spinelessness.

Nevertheless the demand for his extradition by Israel was nothing but sheer effrontery. The man is not an Israeli citizen, and is therefore not subject to Israeli jurisdiction, nor were his crimes committed in Israel.

But Israel has a law according to which those who commit crimes against Israeli citizens in any country in the world can be tried in Israel. Like Israel's strict race and citizenship legislation, this is completely unique. No other country has such a law. The end logic of it would be the 'right' to kidnap people anywhere on the globe if a nation should not oblige them with extradition — a 'right' which has in fact already been exercised with the kidnapping of Eichmann in Argentina, despite the fact that not even such persons as "Israeli citizens" existed

at the time of his supposed crimes. If that heroic exploit has gone to their heads, as the all-star cinemascope Entebbe drama seems to have done, the end could be international anarchy.

Priceless gems

In these fallen times, when politicians are committed to nothing but their own personal survival and to a few hand-me-down abstract liberal values, we are used to an endless stream of quite meaningless verbiage extruding from the mouths of politicians.

Few men, however, can vie with President Jimmy Carter when it comes to the issue of verbal material, as proved by his inaugural address last month.

Quoth Carter:—

"As my high school teacher, Miss Julia Coleman used to say, we must adjust to changing times and still hold to unchanging principles . . .

"Ours was the first society openly to define itself in terms of both spirituality and of human liberty. It is that unique self-definition which has given us an exceptional appeal — but it also imposes on us a special obligation — to take on those moral duties which, when assumed, seem invariably to be in our own best interests . . .

"We have learned that 'more' is not necessarily 'better', that even our great nation has its recognised limits, and that we can neither answer all questions nor solve all problems. We cannot afford to do everything, nor can we afford to lack boldness as we meet the future. So together, in a spirit of individual self-sacrifice for the common good, we must simply do our best . . .

"These are not just my goals, but our common hopes. And they will not be my accomplishments, but the affirmation of our nation's continuing moral strength and our belief in an undiminished, ever-expanding American dream."

Incredible, isn't it? Perhaps this kind of soporific twaddle is designed so that, while Americans are either dozing off to sleep or wondering what an "ever-expanding American dream" might be, the hideous gang of subversives and internationalists around Carter can get on with their job unnoticed.

Selling the gay life

Preoccupation with the gay life seems to be getting out of hand these days, to say the least. A "theatre workshop" group subsidised by the Royal Court and run by a certain Gerald Chapman is to stage a special play devoted to making homosexuality acceptable to London schoolchildren. As a result of a circular sent out by Chapman to schools throughout the ILEA area, 300 of such children will be in attendance. The group putting on the play is rather obscenely called "Gay Sweatshop".

The Royal Court is currently facing a

financial crisis with a £40,000 deficit, yet apparently it can afford to give £6,000 a year to the support of Chapman's activities. Grants to Chapman also come from the Gulbenkian Foundation and Sainsbury Trust. This is no real surprise, as other plays are devoted to the problems of being black as well as homosexual.

We are not concerned here with homosexuality itself, that is, with those adult individuals who are homosexuals by virtue of their innate physical and psychological make-up. What we are very much concerned with, however, is the attempt to normalise it in the minds of young children, and thereby to seduce them into its orbit at a time of physical and emotional immaturity. We think that the Royal Court, a public body, and Mr. Chapman have a great deal to answer for in this respect.

As a result of the activities of a few left-wing cranks, homosexuals have now joined (along with Blacks and women) the multiplying list of "minority groups" who are "discriminated" against — and therefore are made to be something inherently worthy and of trendy concern.

Where young children are thus conditioned, it is a matter of seriousness. It is indeed doubtful whether homosexuals themselves wish to be so crudely politicised by the subversive Left — a classic instance of which occurred at a recent National Front meeting in Brixton, when one group of protestors went by the exquisite title "Fairies Against Fascism".

The master race

"Africa's Carnival of Race Achievement" blared a headline in the *Guardian* last month. There followed beneath an article about something called "The Second Black and African Festival of Arts and Culture" taking place in Lagos. The article was authored by some liberal journalist who adopted a suitably grovelling and abject tone throughout. The Festival was apparently the brain child of the brilliant president of Senegal, "who was the most influential exponent of the theory of Negritude, an intellectual predecessor of Black Power . . ." Not only that, but the Festival is also "a kind of intellectual Olympiad, with no other prize but a feeling of racial achievement."

Precisely one week before this report, the *Daily Telegraph*, less prone to such ridiculous fantasising about the nature of Africans, reported that seven natives had been ritually burned alive near Johannesburg by witch-doctors after they had mentally "identified" the innocent victims as the "cause" of a car crash in which some football fans had died.

The gruesome spectacle was solemnly watched by hundreds of African natives — no doubt prior to going on to Lagos and taking part in the "intellectual Olympiad" of black culture.

Funfairs are banned, but ... **NOTTING HILL** **IS ON AGAIN!**

ALL THE FUN of the carnival will be coming to Notting Hill again this year. Incredibly, after the vicious race riot last year when over 300 police officers were injured (the most hurt in one incident since World War Two), the carnival was given the go-ahead again at a meeting at the Commonwealth Institute recently.

Of those policemen injured at Notting Hill, 119 of them went to hospital. One sergeant had 30 stitches in a wound; a constable had five stitches in a head wound, and one detective who tried to prevent a mugging was stabbed in the groin. 16 police women were injured. More than thirty shops were damaged. Well over 1,000 cases of robbery, theft, assault and other crimes were reported.

While permission has been given for another Notting Hill riot in the sacred name of "community relations", the residents of Tottenham and Wood Green are not so idiotic. They have brought pressure on Haringey Council to *ban* the annual 'funfairs' there because of the violence caused by Blacks.

"We have been fighting for three years to get this fair off because of attacks on residents and damage to property," said Mr. Bill Truman of the local Tenants' Association.

Mr. Michael Nairn, who received a fractured skull and is now partially blind after being attacked at the fair, said: "I am not prepared to see anybody else's life in jeopardy."

Mr. Truman went on: "They just come here to do battle. Just look at Clapham Common where one person was stabbed (Tommy Benson, murdered by a gang of Blacks for £5.00). I can speak for 5,000 tenants here. Given time, I could have got a million signatures."

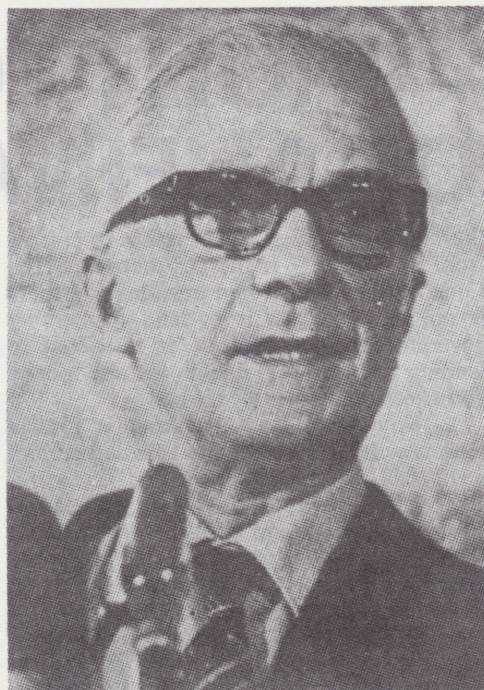


Are our children being educated?

NOW THAT the Government has almost completed the implementation of "comprehensive education", causing all children to be educated in the same schools whatever their needs and abilities, attention is now being turned to the fifth year examinations, GCE O Levels and the CSE exams. A working party of the Schools' Council has been investigating these exams and has recently reported its findings. The problem, according to the Schools' Council, is that it is both difficult for the examining boards to administer two sets of examinations, and wasteful of resources for the schools to teach two different syllabuses during the fourth and fifth years. They also reported that the CSE exam, introduced in 1965 for the less academic pupils who would otherwise not do GCE O Levels, was not being accepted by employers as a qualification. As a solution to these problems the Schools' Council has come up with a proposal to abolish GCE and CSE and replace them by a common school leaving exam to be taken by all pupils in their fifth year.

It is clear, however, from the discussion that has ensued from this proposal that the real concern of those who wish to change the examination system is not to abolish administrative difficulties but rather to abolish streaming. Under the present system, pupils have to be streamed according to ability — into the brighter pupils who will be taught the GCE syllabus, and the less bright who will do the CSE syllabus. This is against the principles of the socialist practitioners of comprehensivism, whose aim is that no child should be taught anything that all other children are not taught. With a common school leaving exam there will no longer be any need for streaming, and so it will be possible not only to ensure that there is no school taking more than its fair share of the brightest pupils but also that the brightest pupils will be spread evenly in different classes within the comprehensive school. Thus true equality!

Prior to abolishing the GCE O Level exams, on the grounds that not all children can do them, the GCE exam itself has already been debased in that the grading system of the exam no longer encompasses pass and fail gradings. Left wing educationists consider it unfair that some children



THE EDUCATIONAL COLLECTIVISTS

Equality means no one must know more than anyone else about anything.

should be failed on an exam after two years' work so they have simply abolished the concept of failing! Everyone passes however badly they do.

But this is not enough. The CSE exam was introduced to cater for those pupils not academically strong enough to take the GCE exam. It was recognised that one exam could not fairly examine across the whole ability range, so a lower level exam was introduced of which only the top grade would have equality with the GCE exam, thus giving everyone a chance. But this was not sufficient to satisfy socialist educational principles. In future everyone will be taught the same and will take the same exam.

And the result of all this equality?

The University Grants Committee in a recent report says that educational standards have declined considerably over the last ten years and that school leavers going on to university are insufficiently grounded in basic education, particularly in maths and the sciences. The situation is so bad that the universities are forced to consider spending extra money on remedial courses or even extending the university degree courses by a year.

At a more basic level, there are now two million adult illiterates, a much higher number than in most other European countries, and reading has to be taught on television. It is common in schools now for a significant proportion of those entering secondary education at 11 years of age to be unable to read adequately or at all, and the secondary school has to waste time doing a job that the primary school should do. The latest proposals can only cause a continuation of these trends.

Educational standards are falling

because those in government in charge of education are no longer concerned with education but with the socialist mania for 'equality'. If they were really concerned about giving all children the opportunity of a good education then they would allow those children able to learn maths and science or foreign languages to do so, and let those children not suited to academic disciplines concentrate on other subjects (having received a basic education). There need be no stigma attached to learning to do woodwork or technical subjects, for example, rather than French or Latin.

However equality to socialists means that no one should know more than anyone else about anything, and the school must try to "correct" any disparity between children's intelligence due to genetic differences at birth, and make everyone the same.

This is no less an attack on the British people. For what the government is preventing is the education of the future leaders of the British people, our politicians, scientists, managers and the individuals of ability who in the past have made Britain great and who could lead Britain to greatness again. The government is suppressing the development of different individuals with different capabilities, ideas and interests, the variety which makes up the British people. Instead a homogenous mass of people without differences is being produced in our schools — the "masses" in the language of the communists — who will be pliable creatures for manipulation according to the designs of those whose aim is to enslave the British people and incorporate Britain in a "one world" system of government under their control.

THE I.M.F. — FRONT FOR INTERNATIONAL FINANCE

NOW THAT the Labour Government has succeeded in negotiating yet another loan from the International Monetary Fund, it is appropriate to look in some detail at this institution, to which Britain is supposed to owe a further £2,300m.

The IMF was formed at a Conference held at Bretton Woods, New Hampshire, in July 1944, when the attention of the world was focused on the fighting in the Second World War. The person who has been described as its "chief architect" was called Henry Dexter White (real name Weiss, and born in Eastern Europe), who was then Assistant Secretary at the U.S. Treasury in the Roosevelt administration. For eleven months he was the Managing Director of the IMF.

A few years later, when the Internal Security Subcommittee of the U.S. Senate (which was not in those days dominated by the agents of International Finance to the extent that it is now) held hearings on the subject of Communist spy rings operating in United States Government Departments, part of the evidence gathered showed that White was supplying confidential U.S. Treasury information to the Soviet Union from the 'thirties onwards and was first named as a spy by Whittaker Chambers in 1941 in a statement to the F.B.I. White died suddenly, three days after appearing before the Subcommittee in August 1948 to deny charges that he was a communist agent.

The Conference which took place at Bretton Woods was also attended by such unsavoury characters as Philip Jessup (Assistant Secretary-General — also Chairman of the infamous Institute of Pacific Relations), Henry Morgenthau Jr. (President — also author, under White's influence, of the Morgenthau Plan for turning post-war Germany into a wasteland), and Lord Keynes. This, in brief, is the murky beginning of that publicity-shy organisation called the International Monetary Fund. The World Bank was set up at about the same time as the IMF, and has the same functions towards "Third World" countries as the IMF has with industrialised countries. The current president of the World Bank is that arch internationalist, Robert McNamara.

The supposed aim of the IMF was to act as a kind of international reserve bank, with each member country depositing a certain amount of its currency in return for being allowed, in certain circumstances, to draw on the Fund for support at times when its currency is under pressure, perhaps as a result of a "balance of payments" problem. However, the money Britain had a right to draw on was used up many years ago and so

the only way of using the Fund is to borrow from it — that is, if the IMF consents. The Constitution of the Fund provides that there is no obligation on it to lend to member governments — indeed, it is restricted to lending to borrowers unable to raise money elsewhere on reasonable terms.

Now that the Government's foreign currency debts stand at the terrific figure of nearly £12,000m (at least five times our reserves), let us look briefly at the reasons why the Government applied for this latest loan. We find, of course, that they are basically the same reasons that previous loans have been applied for, namely that we have a "balance of payments" crisis. Now this is hardly surprising, for when we look at our roads we find that British cars are getting crowded out by Volvos, Volkswagens, Datsuns, Renaults and dozens of other types of imported cars. Even some so-called British cars are made in Germany or Belgium and imported to Britain. Many British houses are full of foreign-made electrical appliances, televisions, radios and stereo systems made in Japan or Taiwan. Sony, Hitachi, Mitsubishi, Toshiba, Akai, Yamaha, the list seems endless. There must be at least a dozen leading Japanese manufacturers of electronic equipment selling in Britain today, against how many genuinely British concerns? Two or three at the most, and even these have to import items such as cathode tubes and other essential components.

Our shops are bursting at the seams with biros made in Italy, trousers made in the U.S.A., shoes made in Poland, and so on, to mention only a few examples. In 1976 imports of shoes took up 45 per cent of the market, those from Poland having increased by 14 per cent and those from Rumania having gone up by a staggering 88 per cent since 1975. Cheap foreign imports are driving British products off the shelves and out of our homes, causing the closure of our factories and the unemployment of nearly 1½ million British workers.

Imperial Typewriters was the only manufacturer of typewriters in this country before it was closed down in 1974 by its American owners, themselves distantly removed from any real interest, other than financial, in the company. Now the only typewriters that can be bought in Britain are made in Germany or Italy or elsewhere abroad. The same fate has been handed out to the British motor-cycle industry, once so proud, as it viewed with derision the little Honda 50's and Suzuki 80's that began appearing in the 1960's in the mirrors of their Triumph 850's and Norton 500's. Now

the British motor-cycle industry is no more — apart from a pathetic workers' cooperative assembling Italian-manufactured parts at Meriden — and all our motor-cyclists are riding around on Yamahas, Hondas, Kawasakis or any one of a hundred different Japanese makes and models.

More recently, the Courtaulds closures have attracted brief press attention, with 1,200 people losing their jobs. Now one of Britain's two largest shoe manufacturers is expected to close down, its bank overdraft having risen in a year from nothing to £1¼m and having scarcely broken even over the last year. Clearly another victim of cheap foreign imports, causing it to rely on a bank loan rather than realistic prices. No wonder our unemployment rate is up to 5.6 per cent (December 1976), the highest since the slump of the 1930's.

So it seems that previous loans, such as the massive £1000m borrowed from the IMF a year ago, have not had the desired effect of precipitating a national economic recovery and making our industries strong and able to withstand foreign competition. Can it be, perhaps, that this was not actually the intention? The question raises itself: "Are these regular loans from the IMF and elsewhere meant to further weaken British industry, to further devalue the pound sterling so that we have to export more and more goods in order to pay for the flood of foreign manufactured goods which themselves are becoming more expensive?" The answer can be deduced by a close look at the IMF.

One of the main things to remember about the International Monetary Fund is that its chief function is not to help bring about solutions to economic problems, but to increase the power of International Finance. It has thus been a regular feature of the IMF since its inception that it acts initially as a welcome aid to a member government, helping it out with a small loan over a short period of time to "tide over" a balance of payments crisis. However, the conditions attached to every loan invariably result in a worsening of the economic and social situation of the country "assisted". This is shown by a study of the conditions attached to the loans to "Third World" countries, such as Brazil, Indonesia, India and the Philippines, and, more recently, to Great Britain.

These conditions are, briefly, that the debtor country adopt a policy of economic liberalism (for "liberalism" read "suicide"). Mr. Johannes Witteven, the present Managing Director of the Fund, has said (*Guardian* 4.10.76) that one of the conditions of the

latest loan (at that time yet to be negotiated) would almost certainly be a bar on any generalised import control and that refraining from introducing import controls or deposits was "very often a condition for use of fund resources".

So there must be no policy of protection for home industries, no import tariffs or restrictions, even though the drain of reserves and thus the need to borrow from the IMF to "support sterling" resulted from an excess of manufactured imports. If anything, what tariffs there are must be dismantled in order for the debtor country to receive the loan. Naturally, this does not resolve the problem but instead makes it worse, resulting in the need for a new and bigger loan within a short period. What madness! But this, of course, is the intended result, for, as the late A. K. Chesterton has said, there is nothing that the international money power likes better than lending credits to debtor governments.

However, this system cannot go on indefinitely, with loans piling on top of loans, rampant inflation combined with massive unemployment caused by cheap foreign manufactured goods flooding the home market, and yet further loans being taken out — charged on the taxpayers — simply to pay off the interest on the earlier loans. With the less sophisticated economies of the "Third World" countries the system quite often breaks down and there then takes place what is called "rescheduling" of the debts. The natural resources of the country (and this would include North Sea oil and gas in our case) are shuffled around under the guise of a "stabilisation programme", "nationalisation", "refinancing of medium term borrowing" or some other device. Various debts at differing interest rates and over different periods of time are lumped together under a new arrangement and the system rumbles on.

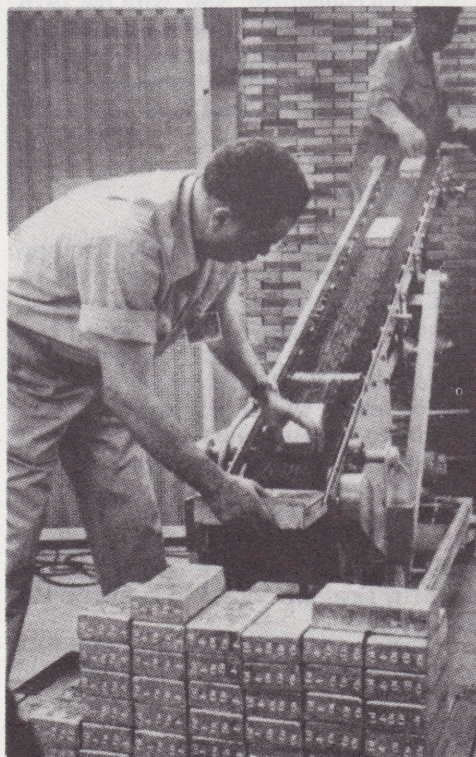
Recent loans from the IMF have carried more and more stringent terms for the Government, especially conditions prejudicial to the future of the sterling system, which is not liked by International Financiers. In order for this country to be able to borrow money it is a condition that the Government stops spending money — about £2,500m of it. All the Labour and Tory parties can do is to squabble about where the cuts should be made, the Labour Party opting for yet further defence cuts and the Tories saying that the social services and education should bear the worst of the cuts. Presumably the money borrowed will be frittered away on "supporting sterling" against foreign speculation, as have previous similar borrowings. A large amount of it has already been spent on paying the interest on earlier loans.

The conditions of these foreign loans mentioned above, although spelling disaster for the British people in an economic sense, are not the whole story. It is certain that other conditions of a political nature have

been attached. It does not take "the IMF team" six weeks to "go through the books," nor does it take the Cabinet about nine special meetings to agree only on economic terms.

What the political conditions of the latest loan are can only be the subject of speculation at present. Perhaps the Government has been told to co-operate more positively (as parts of the media think it should) in the establishment of a United States of Europe, itself for a long time a communist-inspired ideal. Perhaps the new Race Act will have to be enforced even more oppressively than it would have been otherwise. Perhaps a devolution policy designed to ultimately break up the United Kingdom completely should be pursued vigorously. What we can be sure of is that there were no conditions requiring the Labour Government to oust the supposedly anti-capitalist Marxists and Trotskyists (Bronsteinists) stealthily taking over the Labour Party both inside and outside the House of Commons; no conditions requiring the Government to seek out and remove red agitators from positions of influence in British industry and the Trades Unions.

There is set out above, very briefly, the mechanics of one of the instruments being used to bludgeon this country into abandoning what is left of its national sovereignty and co-operating in the drive to World Government demanded by the International Money Power. Not that this Government needs much bludgeoning, for, as a speaker at the 1976 Labour Conference said, "To a Socialist, National Sovereignty



IMF STORES ITS BULLION
The Fund is simply a front for the gold merchants — the international bankers.

is of no importance." He might have added that it is of no importance to the Tories either.

How does Britain free itself from the tentacles of the IMF and from International Finance in general? There is obviously no hope of this all the while the establishment parties — the parties of failure and despair — remain in power. The only way out is to be found in the policy of Economic Nationalism, espoused only by the National Front. This is more fully set out in our Party's various policy booklets, in particular *Beyond Capitalism and Socialism* (required reading for all British Nationalists).

National Front policy envisages the systematic reduction and phasing out of the importation of manufactured goods while at the same time home industries are built up with the aid of national, debt-free finance. The only argument that the establishment parties can offer against this common-sense policy is to say that if you restrict foreign imports this will have an adverse effect on British industry because other countries will restrict or prohibit their imports of British goods, and thus make our industries even weaker. The answer is that the home market we will gain by freeing our manufacturing industries from cheap foreign competition is much larger than the foreign markets we could lose. If other countries engage in a trade war with us, they will generally have far more to lose than we have.

For example, in 1976 120,000 Japanese cars were sold in Britain and a measly 1,500 British cars were sold in Japan — and these were mostly big cars, such as Rolls-Royces, not made in Japan because of the limited market for them. Again, how many shoes does Britain export to Rumania (a communist country which also receives IMF "aid")?

And so the vicious circle goes round — crisis, loans, suicidal conditions, crisis, further loans, and so on. Thus we have a government up to its neck in foreign debt, imports of foreign manufactured goods, which we could and should be making ourselves, at record levels, high taxation which increases with every year, massive inflation and unemployment.

It is becoming increasingly apparent that the economic situation in Britain, as with the problems of race, crime, corruption and communist power will build up into one inter-connected crisis of massive proportions that will shake the very foundations of Great Britain. Whether it will destroy our country completely depends on how quickly we can build our Party into a position where it can assume power, real political power, and turn out the international financiers, Marxists and other parasites that have infested positions of influence and power for so long. If you do not like what is happening to our great people and nation, then join, vote and work for the National Front. Hasten the day when the National Front enables Great Britain to regain control of her own affairs!

LAW AND ORDER

A Nationalist View

ONE OF the main planks in the political programme of the National Front is the pledge to the British people that we will ensure the maintenance of law and order in this country. When one asks people what they think we mean by the phrase 'Law and Order', the usual reply is to the effect that "we should bring back hanging for murder and the use of the birch for crimes of violence". If this is all that we mean by the maintenance of law and order, then that phrase is reduced to a meaningless cliché.

Indeed, that is just what is intended by the enemies of the British people. For to use the phrase 'Law and Order', and then to divert the attention of people from the real meaning of the phrase by getting them bogged down in sterile arguments about punishment, is a tactic which is used to conceal the real attack on the freedoms that British people have enjoyed under the law for many hundreds of years. If one takes as an example the totalitarian states of Eastern Europe, one can see that although these states have plenty of penalties including capital punishment, there is no freedom. And that is what law and order is all about. Not simply the punishing of the wrongdoer, but the protection of freedom within the context of an ordered society.

In Great Britain the law has always had as its prime purpose the protection of those essential freedoms such as the right to freedom of speech, the right to sleep soundly in your bed at night without being burgled, the right of the citizen and particularly the elderly citizen to go about his or her lawful occasions in peace without being attacked or mugged. The law has also protected the right of the individual to own property and to dispose of that property as he wishes without it being taken from him by force either by the state or by an individual, and without being told as to how he shall dispose of that property. Even when a person is accused of breaking the law, the full weight of the law is there to see that, until that person is duly and properly found guilty, his rights under the law are properly protected.

DIRECT ATTACK ON FREEDOM

One of the main reasons why we nationalists are opposed to the Race Relations Acts is because those acts are a direct attack on essential freedoms of the British people. They attack freedom of speech in a way that has never before occurred in this country outside of wartime regulations, and this in defiance of all legal tradition and the fact that the European

Convention of Human Rights, of which Great Britain is a signatory, specifically guarantees the right to freedom of expression. Every time a council or public body refuses the National Front the right to hire a public hall to hold a meeting, it is not merely a ban on the NF in the guise of "anti-fascism", but is a direct attack on the rights of the British people to freedom of speech and assembly. The Race Relations laws are the direct result of the loss of sovereignty by the British government to foreign bodies such as the United Nations, when the British Government agreed to the Genocide Treaty passed by that body at the behest of its Communist masters. These Race laws attack our ancient freedoms in even more insidious ways than the people think.

It has long been a feature of English law that before a crime can be shown to have been committed, intent must be proved. The reason for this is two-fold. One, so that the accused can never escape the consequences of his actions by pleading that he did not really intend to commit a crime; and two, so that no innocent person could be accused of having committed a crime by accident. For example the prosecution must prove *intent* to murder, or *intent* to steal before it can be established that a crime has in fact been committed. Now, with the 1976 Race Relations Act, an offence will have been committed under that Act if it can be shown that the accused has done something which is *likely* to be an offence under that Act.

DUTY OF THE JUDGE

In a court of law, especially criminal law, the duty of the judge is not only to act as chairman of the proceedings but also to protect the rights of the accused. In pursuance of that end the court can order that the accused be legally represented, and that the proceedings will be adjourned in order that proper representation is in fact given. However, the new Race Act changes all that. Under this Act all the protection of the court is on the side of the accuser, and he must be afforded the full benefits of legal representation and not the accused. So yet another ancient protection and freedom is taken away.

The prosecution in any case has always had to prove its case "beyond a reasonable doubt". The accused in any court has the right to speak from the dock in his own defence, to make a statement on oath from the witness box, or to remain silent. This new Race Act not only takes away these rights but says that silence will result in a

presumption of guilt. No need any longer for proof of guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, for a person may now be found guilty on a presumption. Thus far have we as a nation advanced down the road to a totalitarian state when our ancient freedoms and the protection those freedoms afforded are being taken away from us, not with our consent but at the behest of an alien minority within our midst.

Having stated that the first part of the phrase 'Law and Order' means the protection of freedom, how then does that fit in with the meaning of 'order', that is to say in the context of an ordered society? It all depends on what is meant by the expression 'the State'.

COMMUNIST LAW

To the average British person, the State is an impersonal arm of government which by bureaucracy and a myriad regulations administers not only the country, but all facets of his daily life. It is precisely because of this bourgeois view of the State that the Marxist theory about the "withering away of the state" has gained popularity. To the political observer of communist affairs in those countries which proclaim themselves to be "peoples democracies", not only has the State not withered away, it has grown in power, might and intensity. The law in these countries does not protect freedom, it prescribes penalties. The State in a communist country is not only an arm of government, it is also an instrument of government.

The Nationalist view of the State is entirely and essentially different from either the current bourgeois view, or the totalitarian view. To a Nationalist the preservation of our ancient liberties is of prime importance. And so the defining of the State is in line with that thinking. The Nationalist State is the expression of the will of the people, and the Nationalist government is the instrument of that will. The prime duty of a Nationalist State is the preservation of the Race and the Nation, and the maintaining of the essential freedoms of the people in pursuance of the purpose for which they elected that government. Only under a Nationalist government will the British people see the full and real meaning of the phrase 'Law and Order', for a sovereign nation state is the greatest guarantee of its people's freedom.

All patriots should read

CANDOUR

The British Views Letter

founded by

A. K. Chesterton

Published by Candour Publishing Co.

Forest House, Liss Forest, Hants.



PARLIAMENT FRONT

THE NEW RACE ACT

This is now expected to become law early in 1977, having been passed by both Houses of Parliament in the last session. Already Enoch Powell has stated his intention to defy this act and there is little doubt that others will join him. When the first prosecutions come, we can expect to see the Tories, with tongue in cheek, loudly proclaiming their opposition to the Act. If the Conservative Party was fully opposed to the Bill when it passed through Parliament then one would have expected a three line whip and all the leaders voting against it. Instead, when the Lords' amendments came to be voted on, Margaret Thatcher chose not to vote against the Government on any single one of the amendments. Perhaps she was too busy having a fitting for her new Sari.

But before this new Act comes into effect, there is one last comment on the previous Race Relations Act which it replaces. Up to the 15th October the Race Relations Board had received 9,924 complaints, and Mr. Brotherton asked the Secretary of State for the Home Department whether he would give the average cost of each complaint, especially since out of these 9,924 complaints, only 45 had resulted in civil proceedings. Mr. John refused. However, it did come to light subsequently that the cost of the Race Relations Board, not including regional accommodation, was £818,000 — and so one can presume that each of the 9,879 false accusations cost around £100 a time.

Mr. John, in reply to a subsequent question, did point out that under the 1968 Act, 8,446 complaints were made up to 30th September, and in 1,768 cases an "opinion of discrimination was formed". This is of particular interest in view of the fact that, under the new Act, many of the old legal safeguards have been dropped and an "opinion of discrimination" will virtually ensure conviction. Thus, while in the past less than 1 in 200 complaints have been substantiated in court, we can now expect to see this rise to nearer the 20% where the Race Board (without any legal qualification) decides that there was discrimination.

INVESTMENT DRAINS FLOOD

Unemployment is perhaps the greatest social ill in Great Britain at this time. Politicians of all parties recognise this. The snag is that no one in the three major parties seems prepared to follow the argument

through to its logical conclusion.

The plain fact is that British Industry is being starved of investment. Denis Healey thinks that this is because the gentlemen of the City are a lot of old meanies. Maggie Thatcher's hairstylist thinks it is because taxes are too high and that there is not enough cash left in the kitty. The Liberal Messiah, David Steele, thinks we need more fellowship and brotherly love and then everything would be alright.

Those of us who are not so pre-occupied with blowing bubbles, blow waves or volumes of hot air take the view that the way British capital is syphoned off abroad is an important factor.

During question time last month, industrial investment has been the subject several times. The Secretary of State for Trade has revealed some very interesting figures which demonstrate once again that only the National Front has the policies and foresight to get our economy on the move again.

It appears that in 1973 and 1974 the other eight EEC countries invested only £177 million in the United Kingdom, but that in the same period United Kingdom direct investment in EEC countries totalled £866 million. **Nearly five times as much!**

Michael Meacher, the pro-European Under-Secretary of State for Trade, found himself in a tricky position, having to admit that apart from our appalling EEC trade deficit, we are, at a time of high unemployment at home, exporting jobs to Europe as well.

"No doubt there has been some impact on jobs," he said.

A quick calculation will yield the astounding fact that we "exported" around 250,000 jobs to Europe in 1973 and 1974 alone.

But poor Mr. Meacher was still in the mud. A cruel Mr. Jay went on to ask a secondary question as to whether he thought the figures demonstrated one of the "benefits" to this country of EEC membership.

Now it would seem that the farsighted Michael Meacher had always expected there to be disadvantages in the short term. "The question is whether the long term benefits actually materialize."

It is a shame there wasn't an NF member to advise him on that score!

In his defence, muddle-head Meacher was quick to point out that if investment overseas was blocked there was no guarantee that it would take place at home. Presumably he thinks, along with Denis, that the "Meanie

old kill-joy investors" would simply bury their money at the bottom of their gardens!

A tell-tale sign of ministerial incompetence here is that it takes two years to prepare the investment accounts. The 1976 figures will not be available until 1978. It would seem that a loss of jobs and industrial capital on this scale presents no real worry at high levels.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

If this Labour Government is blind to the obvious good sense of National Front policy on investment, at least they have come to see that a £5 fine for vandalism or mugging offences is not a sufficient deterrent.

Mr. Graham Page has presented a Bill to permit a sentence of corporal punishment upon a person convicted of an offence involving bodily harm to another or malicious damage to property. The second reading will take place on the 29th April, and no doubt a large contingent of "liberal minded" MPs will vote against it. Perhaps the dissenters should be made to abandon their taxis and walk the streets of London at night in order to see mugging at work first hand.

The humiliation of a public flogging would hopefully be as effective a deterrent here as it has proved in the Isle of Man, where vandalism and muggings are practically unheard of.

ANTI-DUMPING DUMPED

The dumping of foreign goods onto the British home market at below production prices has long been recognised by the National Front policy committee as a major impediment to financial recovery. Our industries can only be rebuilt against a background of a stable home market.

Many readers will be surprised to find out that dumping has in fact been illegal since the "Customs Duties (Dumping and Subsidies)" Act of 1969. Actually, the act has only been invoked 17 times in the last two years, despite having a 25 strong body of civil servants to deal with it.

It is to be hoped that the provisions of the Act will be more expeditiously and frequently used in future if our home market is to be adequately protected. We were glad to hear that muddled Michael Meacher is busy trying to improve the procedures. He proudly announced to a hushed House that he plans to introduce loss of jobs as a material injury criterion.

But poor old Michael was not to be allowed even this fleeting victory. That nasty man, Mr. Enoch Powell, pointed out to the House that responsibility for anti-dumping measures will pass to the EEC on the 1st July this year.

Perhaps a little hurt, mad Michael was not to be outdone, and curtly told Mr. Powell that there was nothing to stop his anti-dumping unit from advising the EEC.

Do you think that they will listen?

BRITISH DEFENCE

TIME FOR NEW THINKING

PART 7

NO DEBATE on British defence policy can have any coherence unless we are sure in our minds on the primary issues involved: precisely what do we aim to defend?

I will not insult the intelligence of the reader by resorting to the many ideological abstractions currently offered in answer to this question — abstractions of which probably the most hackneyed is 'Freedom'. There are many definitions of what this word means, as many indeed as there are things that one is free, or not free, to do. Speaking personally, I find the term in its generalised sense much too vague to suggest to a man that he should fight for it.

Instead I will offer what seems to me the most obvious things that we should aim to defend: our national territory; the lives and possessions of our people; our independence from foreign control; our interests around the world. These are concrete things the defence of which ought to be a self-evident duty to everyone of us regardless of his or her ideological viewpoint. History will not offer an example of any nation which survived for very long expending its martial vigour on any other object.

THE UNITED KINGDOM

When we speak of our national territory we speak today of course of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, since apart from the odd tiny dependency which remains as a relic from Empire this is the only area over which we have *de facto* sovereignty. There are certainly other very important areas of the world with the fate of which we should be concerned but because they are not areas over which we currently exercise sovereignty they must be termed not as 'national territory' but as 'interests'.

Were these overseas interests very minor and were the United Kingdom the only really vital area with which our defence had to be concerned, our needs might indeed be limited. The risk that another power would be prepared to take in invading Britain must be related to the gain to itself in successfully doing so. Even though the Channel is not the shield that it once was, it would still make an invasion of Britain much more difficult than one across the borders within the European land mass. Then what advantage would an invader have if he took control here? Britain certainly offers little in the way of *lebensraum* prospects to a power seeking to resettle surplus population. Her main domestic raw material, coal, offers no conceivable invader anything which he could not more easily obtain elsewhere.

An invasion of Britain for what Britain itself would yield is therefore extremely unlikely.

DEFENDING OUR OIL

The picture, however, is not nearly so simple as that. Britain now has vast domestic oil resources, not on her own territory itself but in a part of the North Sea over which she has acquired operative rights. These oil deposits are likely to become a highly coveted asset in the future, both by nations who want them for themselves and by those who seek to deny them to us.

The vulnerability of our oil extraction equipment to sabotage has already been spotlighted by security experts. To capture this equipment intact might be difficult; to destroy it would at the moment be very easy.

Quite obviously, to give adequate protection to this vital national asset Britain needs a massive increase in naval power in the North Sea alone, together with an extremely efficient security system for guarding against attacks of the lightning commando or guerilla type.

WORLD INTERESTS

Ranging further afield, let us then consider British interests beyond Europe and the North Sea. Contrary to popular supposition today, these interests are in fact still considerable.

Because the British Empire has been formally terminated as an institution it does not in the slightest way alter the fact that Britain is vitally dependent for her survival and prosperity upon her ability to maintain large spheres of influence around the world. We need to make large imports of raw materials and food. We need overseas markets for British manufactured goods. We need secure supply routes for this trade. We need areas for the resettlement of our own surplus population.

Our own party, the National Front, has advocated that certain areas of the former British Empire still provide the best opportunities for the building of these spheres of influence and that Britain's future as a strong and prosperous power depends essentially on our efforts to make friends in these areas wherever we may have lost them.

The areas concerned are Canada, Australasia and Africa.

Our ability to rebuild our traditional links with the people living in these areas depends in no small measure upon our capacity to provide forces adequate to assist in their defence and to protect our lines of communication with them.

AUSTRALASIA

Australasia is a case of particular importance. Australia and New Zealand between them have a combined population of about 16 million of predominantly British stock. Their security, as kinfolk of ours, should be as important to us as the security of the population of Britain itself. Economically this is an area of enormous importance to us for it can provide nearly all we need in terms of imported food and raw materials.

The mineral wealth and vast open spaces of Australia are a natural magnet to any acquisitive power in South East Asia, and it is likely that pressure of population and shortage of raw materials will revive the threat of an Asiatic drive towards this continent. Both Britain's obligation to her co-racialists and her need to protect a vital economic life-line dictate that she must again play a major part in the defence of Australasia.

CANADA

Canada is another area where British influence could be restored if we correctly exploit the opportunities offered to us. The victory of a separatist movement in Quebec has shaken the unity of this bi-lingual country while fear of American economic encroachment grows greater rather than less. These factors could lead Canadians of British descent (a majority outside Quebec) to welcome

a strengthening of ties with the United Kingdom were a British government to give a lead in that direction.

The rebuilding of a partnership with Canada would bring Britain closer to another area of enormous natural wealth and a rapidly expanding export market, as well as being consistent with the racial ties that bind us to so large a part of the Canadian population.

Strategically, only two powers could threaten Canada: Russia from the West and the United States from the South. Russia knows that any invasion of Canada would automatically involve the United States, particularly as the only convenient route would be through Alaska, which is U.S. territory. The prospect of such an invasion therefore must be exceedingly small.

Is it conceivable that the United States could one day threaten Canada? Such a suggestion is not as far-fetched as it might seem. Americans have for many generations taken it for granted that their Northern neighbour would eventually be swallowed into their orbit and the insatiable demand of America for raw materials could hasten such an ambition.

Nothing could stop the U.S. annexation of Canada if an American government had the will to carry it out. However, the test of such a will would rest upon the difficulty of the undertaking. If the U.S. knew that Canada would resist to the utmost and that in this resistance she would be supported by substantial British forces such an operation would be recognised as long, costly and perhaps politically impossible from the American point of view.

Britain could therefore become an important guarantor of Canada's independence from the United States, in return for which she could obtain the tremendous benefits of a close Anglo-Canadian association.

AFRICA

Africa poses an altogether different set of problems. At the time of writing Rhodesia is preparing to hand over to Black rule, leaving South Africa as the only surviving White power on that continent. Just how long she will remain so, with nearly the whole world against her, is a matter for doubt.

On the other hand, were Britain to swing over to a policy of support for White South Africa — which it is clearly in her interests to do — she could save that country from annihilation and in return obtain enormous and lasting goodwill among all White South Africans, Afrikaner and British alike.

Few need be told that Britain's economic stake in South Africa is very great and that the benefits to us of South African friendship and co-operation would be far reaching.

In the longer term it is exceedingly doubtful that Black Africa will be able to survive in any independent form. Increasing economic stagnation and political chaos will require that once again the White Man will have to intervene and order the proper use of the wealth of that continent. Here is a field for realistic European co-operation in which Britain could play the leading role. If the three foremost

Western European powers, Britain, France and Germany, resolved to take the destinies of Africa into their own hands, no other power would be likely to possess both the force and the will to stop them.

One thing is certain: power in Africa, as elsewhere, will not permit a vacuum. If direct intervention does not come from the European quarter it will come from somewhere else. The wealth and strategic importance of the continent is too great for it to remain in irresponsible and incapable hands.

Co-operation among Europeans, each in an allotted sector, in the re-development of Africa is the finest practical way to achieve European unity without the erosion of national sovereignty and the collision of national interests that is inevitable in the Common Market concept. Africa is big enough for every major European power to be given a sphere of influence several times larger than the metropolitan territory. The development of these spheres can absorb the aggression, energy and ambition previously expended by Europeans in conflicts among themselves to the ruination of their own continent.

STRONG FORCES NEEDED

These interests that Britain has — or at least should and could have — in the future development of Canada, Australasia and Africa require, needless to say, the possession at all times of considerable armed force — with particular emphasis, as throughout our former history, on naval power. Clearly, the mobilisation of such armed force would be an impossibility in our present political and economic situation, but of course it is within the context of a very different political and economic situation that we are considering these aims.

Let us not forget that up till quite recently we did manage to hold together an Empire that included all the areas discussed — and many more, including the gigantic sub-continent of India. Those who would claim that the security of a much more limited total area is beyond our means is out of step with history.

There will of course be the thoroughly fashionable objection — that Britain would do better to confine herself to smaller ambitions and seek no area of defence beyond the boundaries of the British Isles, trusting that her share in the wealth of the world as a whole will be obtained by peaceful trading and diplomatic give-and-take. Such a vision of the future is of course thoroughly in keeping with the inert and effete spirit of post-war Albion, but it is hardly supported by a record of success. Are we in fact doing better at home as a result of having opted for a more limited role in the world at large? The average Briton would think so.

The truth is that the times ahead of us herald a titanic struggle for the resources of the earth. We have the option of summoning our energies and our courage to compete in that struggle — or becoming a pauper among the nations. Peaceful trading and diplomatic give-and-take indeed have their place in the affairs of mankind but unless they are backed up by both the appearance and reality of power they will not operate in our favour.

OBITUARY

FAREWELL TO A GREAT SUPPORTER

MISS KATHLEEN RAND, one of the most loyal and generous supporters of the National Front and of *Spearhead*, died in Cobham Hospital on Christmas Day. We received the news just too late to make mention of it in last month's issue.

Miss Rand joined the NF early in its career as a result of a leaflet put through the door of her large, old house in Upper Norwood, South London.

Although then in her seventies, she became a tireless worker for the cause. Though not able to get about easily, she

attended most of our major meetings. At home she spent many hours addressing election envelopes for the local NF branch.

Miss Rand rendered great services to *Spearhead* magazine in the secretarial field, typing our invoices every month and then posting them off, as well as attending to receipts and general correspondence. Her help in this department will be sadly missed.

Apart from these services, Miss Rand gave considerable help to the cause financially, never letting us down when there was an appeal for funds. Over the years her

donations must have amounted to some thousands of pounds.

She was one of the kindest natured people I have ever known, as well as being one of the most trusting. Despite her very great sacrifices for the cause, she never presumed to tell anyone how to run things or in any way make us think that we were obliged to her.

Through the last years of her life she devoted herself to helping patriotic causes and was in touch with a number of organisations. The National Front, however, always took first priority in her loyalties.

We are all very sad at her going and in her we salute a great friend and dedicated patriot.

JOHN TYNDAL

Why Zionism opposes British Nationalism

AN understanding of Zionism and the "Jewish Question" is of fundamental importance to anyone who desires a deep understanding of recent history and current affairs.

Zionism is a form of Jewish nationalism which uses the resettlement of Jewish people in the Biblical land of Israel as a focus. Not all Zionists are devout followers of the religion known as Judaism, but most to varying degrees do adhere to its basic tenets.

All of the Laws and observances stipulated in the Torah (Old Testament) and in the Talmud (the writings of Jewish sages A.D.) are devoted directly or indirectly to reminding the followers of Judaism that they are not just co-religionists but a distinct nation who must keep themselves separate from other peoples so as to preserve their religious and, simultaneously, their racial identity. In any issue of the *Jewish Chronicle* you will find Rabbis and secular leaders of the Jewish community giving sermons or speeches to Jewish audiences, warning against any "assimilation" by inter-marriage.

This applied racialism may have a religious base but the effect is racial nonetheless... and, in our multi-racial world, the implications of such teaching are inevitably political.

It is from this Jewish religious, racial and national awareness that Zionism sprang.

By the time the Zionist movement was founded in the 1870's the Jews had been dispersed throughout the whole world and had established themselves, often in commanding positions, in the fields of business, commerce, banking and politics. Thus, although dispersed, they were linked by a religion which required them to identify as a people, as a nation, which had a specific destiny.

The Zionist movement gave a practical form and a specific series of political objectives to the world-wide Jewish community. The linking of these various communities by religion was re-enforced by family and business ties. The Rothschild world empire of banking is the most classical example of the concentric religious, family, racial and now, with Zionism, political linking of the Jewish community internationally.

The financial power of international Jewry was based, obviously, not in or on Israel, but on the power that had been built up within the various host nations. Jewish power and wealth derived from their ability to make money in those host nations. Thus a higher level of Zionism evolved whereby while the development of Israel and the immigration to Israel of many Jews was encouraged, the Zionists who had built up massive financial and political power else-

where in the world would stay where they were, so as to provide Israel with the financial and political aid on which it depends so heavily.

These fabulously wealthy 'World Zionists' have developed their power not just within their original host nations, but within the developing international economy. We see their power reflected in the great international banks, the multi-national companies, the international financial and industrial conglomerates.

It makes sense, from the international Big Business point of view, to integrate the economies of nation states. Financiers do not wish to see 'old fashioned' political (or racial) structures like nation states interfere with their global enterprises.



Left: Rabbi Stephen Wise, a leading world Zionist and powerful adviser in the American Government of the 1930's. He also championed the cause of Communism.

Right: Edmund de Rothschild. The famous banking family's money launched the Zionist movement in the late 19th century, and brought pressure on the British Government to issue the Balfour Declaration.

Thus it is the might of international finance, which is dominated mainly by persons of a Jewish and pro-Zionist background, who are principally responsible for the development and promotion of all manner of international political structures which are devoted to the political integration of nation states, so that the political structures on this planet might the better accord with the global outlook of the international Money Power.

Nationalism is the only political force which could provide the basis for revolt against the imposition of a world political order and race is the sole basis for nationalism.

Thus the forces of international finance have poured billions of dollars into promoting "multi-racialism" - i.e. race-mixing - in the hope that if people of different races are forced to live among one another and then inter-breed, the various distinct races of Mankind will disappear and with them any

sense of nationhood and the possibility of nationalist revolt.

It is at this point that the Zionist-dominated power of international finance, and thereby the Zionist movement at every level, picks its quarrel with movements like the National Front.

The Zionists are simultaneously committed on the one hand to promoting Jewish nationalism, and preventing Jewish/Gentile assimilation; and on the other hand to establishing a global financial and political order involving, ultimately, the complete integration of other peoples' nations and other peoples' races.

The logical outcome of this twin drive would be that the Jewish nation would be the only surviving ethnically identifiable population group amid a mongrelised world population with no sense of national identity. The implications of that are enormous.

A nationalist Britain would require all citizens to devote their energies and loyalties exclusively for the benefit of Britain. Thus a nationalist Britain would inevitably come into conflict with the internationalist cosmopolitanism of the Jewish community, or at any rate, that section of it which is mobilised under the banner of Zionism.

So it is that we of the NF find ourselves having to cope with and understand the "Jewish question", and find ourselves attacked by the Zionists as being "anti-Jewish", which we are not.

I can only conclude by saying that we have no desire to persecute or eliminate other races, including the Jews. We only wish to do what is necessary to secure the survival of our own race and nation. If that causes problems between us and the Jewish community, then it is because of Zionist efforts to prevent us from doing for the British people what the Zionists claim the right to do for the Jewish people.

NATIONALIST BOOKS

For a wide-ranging selection of nationalist literature, write for a free **Nationalist Books** catalogue.

Titles include *Beyond Capitalism & Socialism* (30p), a detailed account of National Front economic policy, and *Education for National Survival* (20p), NF educational policy.

NATIONALIST BOOKS

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Editor: Martin Webster

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BRITAIN has long been proclaimed abroad the most democratic country in the world. But how true is this view in the light of events taking shape in Britain today? There is much evidence available in Britain today to support the charge that an erosion of democracy and free speech is taking place here so rapidly that it threatens to reverse the whole concept of Britain being a free society. Moreover, like a thief in the night, all kinds of pernicious legislation is quietly creeping upon us which usurps many of the rights long cherished and taken for granted by Britain's electorate.

One recent move which strikes at the very core of free speech, comes from the Select Committee on Direct Elections to the European Assembly, which recommends in its Third Report, that "frivolous" candidates should be deferred from standing in the proposed European elections by having to put down a deposit of £1,000. This is a savage recommendation and out of all proportion to the £150 deposit qualification necessary for British parliamentary elections. Such a provision would exclude many would-be candidates from standing against the pro-Market Tory, Labour and Liberal parties.

By "frivolous" candidates they mean of course, candidates standing from outside the 'Westminster Club' like the National Front, which, although pledged to withdraw Britain from the E.E.C. once in power, might in the meantime consider election to the Assembly in order to fight for a better deal for the British people. However, terrified at the thought that the campaign to get Britain out of the Common Market might erupt once again, the string pullers behind the scenes are making damn sure that this possibility is squashed before it even leaves the ground. What are they afraid of? That anti-Common Market candidates might pull in more votes than the pro-European candidates? There is certainly much evidence available to support the claim that if given a second choice now, many of the millions who voted for Britain's continued membership of the E.E.C. in June 1975, would now change their minds and opt for a chance to get out. There is no evidence of any substance available to indicate that given a second vote, those who voted to get Britain out would change their minds.

'TAKEN IN'

In fact, looking around Britain today, there is much proof to support the argument that it still remains a vital necessity for Britain's survival to get out of the Common Market! Many of those who voted for continued membership while under pressure from the 'opinion manufacturers' of the media and Big Business realise now what a mistake they made in June 1975, and how easily they were 'taken in' by the Money Power's propaganda. As predicted by the National Front, the only people who have

PHILIP GANNAWAY

The Subtle Theft of British Freedom

gained anything from the E.E.C. are the international financiers, whose loyalty to Britain could be mounted on the tip of a pin; and careerist politicians like the former Home Secretary Roy Jenkins, who, while millions of pensioners grapple with the problem of how to make ends meet here in Britain, will be picking up a net, tax-free income of £67,000 a year for the next two years as President of the European Commission.

Another example of how careerist politicians, the Money Power, and growing bureaucracy is busy eating the heart out of Britain, will shortly manifest itself when the Devolution Bill is passed through Parliament. While on the surface devolution of power from Westminster to Scotland and Wales appears to be a move towards greater democracy, the carving-up of the United Kingdom will play right into the hands of those elements in Britain who in the long-term, aim to negate democracy altogether. **For if ever legislation was designed with a purpose to divide a people as a prerequisite condition towards conquering the whole nation from within — this is it!**

FALSE SECURITY

Meanwhile, in order to ensure that the masses are kept lulled in a state of false security before the final takeover of their birthright, the Money Power has first to create the illusion that the people are being given a greater say in the running of their affairs: hence the referendum on the Common Market and now the Devolution Bill. At the same time, their mouthpieces at Westminster are busy tying-up as many loose ends as possible to ensure that the masses never wake up to the gigantic political rape taking place in the name of 'democracy'.

But there remains one 'loose end' which they have failed to tie up as yet — the National Front. Not for the want of trying, mind you. For one Zionist Labour M.P. has already stated his wish for parliamentary deposits to be raised to £500 in order to help exclude the National Front from the political scene. Others have been busy behind the scenes at Westminster, slowly turning the ratchet for their masters on various Select Committees, inserting clauses in legislation solely to help frustrate the progress of the National Front.

One pernicious clause with this purpose in mind, is the "incitement to racial hatred" clause contained in the new Race Relations

Act. Make no mistake about it. Clauses like this one are not inserted to stop people muttering angry complaints amongst themselves in the local pub about the number of coloureds moving into their area. These clauses are inserted solely as an attempt to squash any organised mass opposition to the Money Power's obnoxious move towards World Government.

Only the National Front offers a real hope for a future political force, strong enough to claim back for the British people what has been wrenched from them — namely total control over their political, economic and racial destiny. Only when that day arrives, will Britain become truly democratic again.

DESPERATE LAST BID

Meanwhile, the NF should brace itself for even less circumspect legislation to be passed at Westminster designed to thwart its progress, as Britain's political failures make a desperate last bid to cover up their mistakes. At a local level, despotism is already replacing democracy at an alarming pace with local Authorities in many parts of Britain already banning the NF from using halls under their control. One Labour-controlled Authority, Thamesdown District Council in Swindon, has defended its ban on the NF using local halls on the trumped-up and absurd grounds that "The practice and philosophy of the National Front is contrary to the aims and purposes of the District Council." Tut! Tut! And yet these are the same hypocrites who, in support of the appointment of Trotskyite Young Socialist leader, crow about "Labour's strength coming from its common commitment to democracy and freedom." (Tony Benn speaking to Bristol University Labour Club, 10/12/76).

However, these people overlook one thing: that the final round in the battle to restore true democracy in Britain has yet to be fought. Our movement is stronger now than ever before, and the membership is growing as each week goes by. The day will come when all bans on the National Front will be lifted. Those repressive elements who are most active in their attempts to prohibit the NF's patriotic message from reaching the British public would do well to reflect: that come that day, the tide of national resurgence which will carry the National Front to power will also sweep away the stench of corruption which pervades the present corridors of "democratic" power.

The Conspirators in Tokyo and Torquay

"ON Monday Mr. Reginald Maudling, MP for Chipping Barnet, flew to Cairo where he is meeting notable political figures. He is going to the Gulf States before continuing on to Tokyo for an international conference of business men and politicians who meet from time to time to discuss matters of common interest."

Before returning home, Mr. Maudling is visiting Korea, a country he believes will play an increasingly important role in that part of the world."

This interesting little piece of news from the *Barnet Press*, the local newspaper of Mr. Maudling's constituency, was apparently not important enough to find its way into any of the national papers. But of course, as many will know by now, when prominent politicians and 'business men' (i.e. bankers) meet in exotic parts to discuss "matters of common interest", there is almost total silence on the subject from our free press. Only the *Sunday Times* made reference to the Tokyo meeting, omitting to mention Mr. Maudling's presence.

The "international conference" in question was in fact one of the bi-annual meetings of the Trilateral Commission, about which I have written before. In case *Spearhead* readers think that I am developing an unhealthy obsession with this organisation, I can assure them that it represents a deadly threat to independent nationhood, and that its exposure by patriots is a most vital necessity.

The short article in the *Sunday Times* merely confirmed one's worst fears about this sinister body, obviously dedicated to the aggrandisement of the Money Power and the establishment of World Government. Richard Cooper, Jimmy Carter's newly-appointed Under Secretary for economic affairs, was said to have made his "first major policy speech" at the conference, a rather curious way of putting it in view of the claim by Trilateralists and Bilderbergers that their meetings are insignificant sorts of affairs in which people are supposed to idle about chatting over common problems.

The basic aim of this policy speech was "to press the idea that major international economic decisions should be kept, as far as possible, out of the political arena." Translated, of course, this means that the insatiable Money Power plans to remove power over national economies even further away from national governments, even away from such internationalist bodies of its own making as the UN and UNCTAD, so as to more effectively organise the international economy according to its own global objectives.

Reading between the lines of these conferences, especially of the Trilateral Commission, it seems that the international bankers are getting temporarily frustrated by the decision-making processes of their own One World Frankenstein creations such as the UN, where they have to operate under the guise of "the United States" and where their voting power is consequently weak. What they want, says the *Sunday Times* enigmatically, is to "concentrate on promoting much narrower negotiations, on specific questions, excluding all but those countries most directly involved."

In other words, they want to co-ordinate the economic dealings of all Western nations (with, for example, the oil-producing OPEC countries) outside the bounds of the troublesome political bodies they have established for our eventual enslavement, and well and truly inside the bounds of their personal and immediate control, where they can wield that famous "big stick" of big money more effectively.

KEY POSTS HELD

Richard Cooper — who joins Carter himself, Vice-President Mondale, Blumenthal at the Treasury, Harold Brown, Defence, Cyrus Vance, Secretary of State, and National Security Adviser Brzezinski as one of the 12 members of the Trilateral Commission who hold key posts in the new U.S. administration — is also the author of *The Economics of Interdependence*, which argues (surprise, surprise) that the growth of multinational corporations and other international agencies is replacing the need for "nationally-independent policy making".

The Trilateral Commission, it transpires, although founded by David Rockefeller, received its original funding of \$500,000 from the Ford Foundation, as sinister a recommendation as any. Further backing came from the Lilly Foundation, the Kettering Foundation, The Rockefeller Brothers Fund, and such multi-nationals as General Motors, Sears Roebuck, Exxon and Coca-Cola (which, as everyone knows, wants to "teach the world to sing in perfect harmony"). Britain is represented by the clearing banks and Dunlop.

It was A. K. Chesterton who wrote that noting the recipients of largesse from the great Foundations was an infallible guide to which organisations were involved in a global collectivist conspiracy. To anyone new to this subject, and who may find Martin Webster's statement on Page 12 that the Zionist-dominated powers of Inter-

national Finance seek the obliteration of individual races through racial integration somewhat difficult to credit, I should remind them that it is the big Foundations who have contributed millions of dollars to every major scheme throughout the world concerned with promoting "racial integration".

That the Trilateral Commission is a creature of High Finance is proved by nothing else if not the fact that the recent scheme of the IMF to sell gold and use the cash to set up a trust fund for Third World countries was originally thought up by the Trilateral Commission. The Commission gives with one hand and takes with the other, however, for they also came up with the World Bank's new "Third Window" credit scheme for the "under-developed" countries. Curiously though, while being an obvious tool of the international bankers who created it, the Commission is also described as "a key recruiting ground for the new American administration".

THE SECRET VENUE

The informant who sent me the news item on Mr. Maudling's visit surmised that he was attending a Bilderberg conference. He was not far wrong, but in actual fact the Bilderbergers are having their secret conference in Britain this year.

It is to be held in April at the seaside resort of Torquay, the constituency of Tory M.P. Sir Frederick Bennett, who is a member of the Bilderberg Steering Committee. Maudling is also a member of the Group and in all probability will be there as well, along with trusted regulars like Denis Healey, Callaghan and other "Socialists".

Sir Frederick Bennett is clearly as publicity-shy about the doings of his fellow Bilderbergers as the top-flight conspirators themselves. A reporter named Eringer working for *Verdict*, a magazine of the right-wing independent publisher Bob Guccione, attempted to interview Sir Frederick about Bilderberg. The MP requested that the interview should be "objective". Eringer said that it would, and the reporter was told to phone his secretary that afternoon to fix an appointment.

When Eringer rang back, he was told that Sir Frederick had changed his mind.

Obviously, when Trilateralists or Bilderbergers get together to plan our One-World destiny and the elimination of our national independence, they don't want people to know about it. It is for that reason that I suggest members of the National Front start planning for a week-end in Torquay in April, where they can make a noise loud enough to bring it to public attention. Perhaps a raucous "LOOK OUT, THERE'S A ROTHSCHILD ABOUT!" might even persuade some newspaper that Britain has been visited by some very important people who usually manage to escape their notice on such occasions.

Unashamed Propaganda at the BBC

BLATANT BIAS CORPORATION by Roy Bramwell (*Inter-City Research Centre*. 46 pages, paperback 35p)

IF we are to believe *Socialist Worker* (for no other newspaper carried the story), the new Director General of the BBC, Ian Trethowan, has promised to reverse the policy of deliberate bias against the National Front instituted by Curran and Green, and treat the NF just like any other political party. If this is true, it certainly goes some way towards cleansing the BBC's infamous record of left-wing bias.

But as Roy Bramwell shows in his new booklet *Blatant Bias Corporation* (available from Nationalist Books), there is still a very long way to go. The author has done the very valuable job of bringing together in one treatise much of the monitored evidence, the quotations and the personalities which prove the BBC to have been at the forefront of a continuous campaign of mind-bending, propagandising and disorientation of the British population.

We meet Mr. Stuart Hood, a Trotskyite arrested for assault outside Rhodesia House, who at one time was Controller of Programmes; Sir Charles Curran, Director General, who announced that "We are all Marxists now"; and Anthony Smith, Editor of *24 Hours* who admitted: "You tend to find that television does accumulate around it left-of-centre people . . . and the whole direction of television is left-of-centre." At a lower level, Mr. Bramwell tells us, staff members on one occasion produced an anonymous circular complaining about some of the more responsible reporting of Northern Ireland. "IRA leaders, we feel," said the circular, "must have some contribution to make about future developments in Northern Ireland."

The author indicates that the BBC's self-perpetuating oligarchy of leftists goes back to the 1930s and '40s when Communist traitor Guy Burgess ran a programme called *This Week in Parliament*. A friend of Burgess at that time stated that politicians he (Burgess) had interviewed "under his influence, found themselves expressing ideas which they had never previously dreamed that they possessed."

Bramwell has done his own monitoring of BBC programmes, and assembles a choice collection of its rampant leftism on race, foreign affairs, Northern Ireland, and religious and schools programmes. Several

rich examples are commented on with wit. A *Midweek* programme described Enoch Powell's arrival at a meeting: "Precisely at three o'clock, Mr. Powell entered, clearly the sort of man who would make the trains run on time" — a snide reference, of course, to Mussolini. Comments the author: "If Powell had entered late, what then? 'He displays the careless assurance of his welcome that Hitler did', perhaps." The author's account of a programme on Chile, in which Mrs. Judith Hart told us that "anybody who believes in democracy is tortured," and of the treatment of Ulster, whose working class women were described by a reporter as like the "deep South racist scum who attacked Martin Luther King," are a revelation. One of his best chapters is that on the BBC's treatment of religion — a vehicle for the most outrageous support of black terrorism, Marxism and attacks on orthodox Christian theology.

History programmes for schools are shown to have an inordinate pre-occupation with Communism (extolling Chairman Mao is a favourite theme), while Stalin's invasion of Poland in 1939 was described in a School History programme: "Stalin had moved up the greater part of his armies into the Baltic States and East Poland."

Race and immigration, says Bramwell, have been the subjects of a "sustained, systematic campaign of deliberate lying, carefully controlled on an hour-to-hour basis" unparalleled even in a Communist country. The BBC, he shows with the reproduction of documents, distorts and suppresses news in accordance with the dictates of the Race Relations Industry. Thus the BBC Midlands News Editor tells his newsmen not to

describe a criminal by his colour: "Even if the man is subsequently found guilty, the test must be: 'Is his colour relevant?'" This is precisely the policy recommended to the media by race industry hack Jim Rose. Aside from suppression, the rest is propaganda — and the BBC admits it. A certain Gerry Hines, BBC Programme Organiser, declared that "in the case of Race Relations, propaganda, we are unashamed to admit, is what we are doing . . ."

The author skilfully analyses the BBC type, Oxbridge graduates "with an arts degree and liberal pretensions" who have "at the back of their minds some sort of post in the vast, amorphous, international — and internationalist — organisations which will readily employ them. Hence their predilection for any internationalist concept, be it overseas students, overseas aid, the starving Bangladeshis, Ik tribesmen, and ferocious, continuing attacks over decades on the ethnic integrity of this country." Their products, he says, are either pink liberalism interlarded with Trotskyism, or the stuff of "second-rate trivial minds putting out the half-baked theories foisted upon them by innumerable pressure groups." Bramwell reproduces his own devastating letter to the producer of a dreadfully leftist *Horizon* programme on Overseas Aid, pointing out the numerous glaring errors in its pap-fed 'research' data supplied by Third World lobby groups like Oxfam, to which, not surprisingly, he received no reply.

Bramwell's booklet is recommended reading; his evidence proves how far the BBC has moved from its proper role as servant of the British nation.

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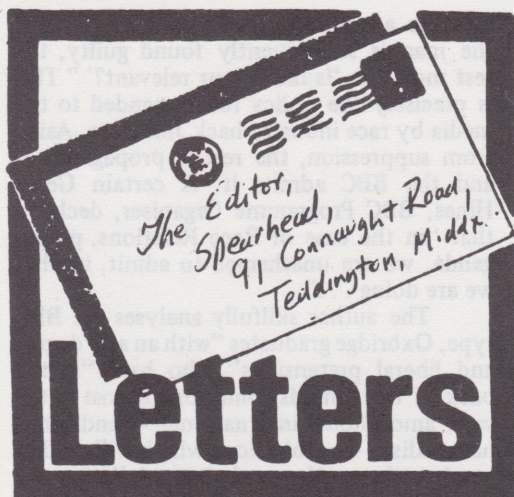
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SIR: As one who seldom puts pen to paper, I nevertheless feel bound to write to congratulate John Tyndall on his brilliant article "Rhodesia: the anatomy of White Surrender" in your November issue.

In the course of thirty years in the political arena in this country I have read hundreds of articles on every topic, but I cannot recall any piece of writing which in its perspicacity and insight into Power, Politics, and People, could compare to this masterly exposition of the situation facing not only Rhodesia, but the whole of the Western World.

Alas, a study of the actions of the British people over the past seventy-five years may well lead historians to pass a judgement not only of moral senility and mental paralysis (to quote from the article), but also of an ignorance of political affairs possibly un-equalled by any of the White Race. Tragically, this ignorance was not just a characteristic of the un-informed masses, in whom it might be excused, but was also dominant throughout the so-called "upper" classes whose leadership of the Nation proved to be utterly disastrous. Not content with taking the British into two unnecessary world wars against their racial cousins, the crass stupidity of the "upper" class generals slaughtered the cream of our manhood in the process. Mercifully this was not repeated in the 39-45 conflict.

Now, with the Empire gone, their own influence in society eliminated, and their capital largely destroyed by taxation and inflation, their inevitable surrender of power has opened the way to an even more detestable breed of Marxists, Liberal wash-outs, and political opportunists of every type.

For unfortunately the passing of power from the upper classes to the middle classes has not brought wisdom to the scene. From political naivete we have progressed to corruption: from misguided but well-intentioned motives to blatant self-interest. Our politicians today show an unifying spectacle of men starting their careers in relatively humble circumstances, and retiring with considerable wealth

acquired as they ascended the rungs of power. How very strange. It would appear that while the old upper-class establishment was too foolish to realise it was being used by interests who had no love for Britain, the middle-class establishment has no illusions about which side of its bread is buttered, and actively connives in the process.

In Rhodesia the White ruling class have displayed the same short-sightedness and lack of political purpose as the old ruling class did in Britain; and failed to realise that in fighting to maintain a civilisation in a barbarous Continent, the bullet represents the natural law of life, and the ballot is a purely artificial substitute. Because of their weakness they will almost certainly disappear. Their only hope, and our only hope, lies in robust, ruthless, and dedicated leadership, which might just save Civilisation from total Bolshevisation. But time is running out very fast.

I. SOUTER CLARENCE,
Poole, Dorset.

SIR: For the next few months devolution will be pushed at the British people, but it is not the real issue. Disillusion, not devolution, is the real one.

The British people are disillusioned with the present Establishment; a collapsing economy, the biggest peacetime debt ever, companies going broke or being taken over by international combines, soaring rates, rampant bureaucratic interference and, of course, inflation.

The British people are being told to look for alternative forms of government. It is not the system of one government for the U.K. that is wrong, it is the people who control the major parties and their policies.

The National Front today is the only

unifying party. "National Front or National Ruin" said John Tyndall. How very true.

T. J. WILKINSON,
Gedling, Notts.

SIR: Our modern "progressive" system of education has "progressed" to such an extent that we now have 2 million illiterates who find difficulty in obtaining jobs and are a further burden on the taxpayer. This situation has occurred in spite of the fact that hundreds of millions of pounds are spent annually on what is called "education". Fifty years ago such a situation was unknown. Then most normal children were able to cope with the "3 R's", and scholarships to the Grammar schools and Universities were available for the brainier pupils.

With the present deplorable situation in mind, we are now asked to provide extra tuition for illiterate immigrant children at a cost of £1,800 per pupil. Is not this racial discrimination? Apparently our own children have ceased to matter.

E. W. CALYER,
Harrogate, Yorks.

SIR: Thank you for Mr. Tyndall's exceptionally penetrating analysis in "Rhodesia: The Anatomy of White Surrender".

There is, perhaps, still hope that white Rhodesians will be forced to think straight in the face of vaulting black arrogance and the evident bad faith and anti-white bias of the British government.

If not, life in Rhodesia will soon become intolerable — and rest assured that, were the Whites to be forced out, many of us would join you in the NF's fight to stop Britain following Rhodesia to destruction.

JULIAN THOMAS,
Bulawayo, Rhodesia.

LETTER OF THE MONTH

Spearhead publishes the best letter to the press on National Front policy every month. Send your cutting to us not later than the 15th of the previous month. You could win a £1 Nationalist Books voucher. This month's winner (below) was published in the *Slough Express*.

Liberals and 'The Front'

MR GOLDENBERG'S letter of December 3, will no doubt have caused considerable excitement among those who have long maintained that Liberal politicians are in reality nothing more than highly sophisticated humanoid robots.

Indeed, his assertions that the NF is "anti-British" and aiming to "achieve... what Hitler failed to do by force", are being regarded by many as conclusive proof of this contention.

The irony of the situation is

that those people who are responsible for programming Liberal politicians to make such ridiculous statements, have in fact already achieved those aims of which they accuse the NF.

Thanks to their efforts Britain has been successfully invaded (for the first time since 1066) by literally millions of coloured immigrants thus rendering worthless the sacrifice of over one-and-a-half million Britons who died in the defence of Britain during the two world wars.

The same people have introduced the most repressive legislation since Star Chamber in the form of the notorious Race Laws. These laws, aimed at forcing the British people to

accept the "multi-racial experiment", have already destroyed our traditional rights of free speech and association and are paving the way to a "1984"-type police state founded on fear and suspicion. If unopposed they will ultimately bring about the destruction of the British race as an identifiable ethnic group.

That the NF is singled out as the focal point for every vilification by those who support this new genocide is merely proof that we are the only people left who actively oppose them. —

Peter Gleave, Secretary, Slough Branch NF, Arden, One Pin Lane, Farnham Common.

Trouble shooting

"... My attitude has shifted"

EVEN more important and valuable than the speech which Enoch Powell made on Friday 21st January on the subject of the coming "racial civil war" in Britain, was the reaction to it from Ms. Maureen Colquhoun, Tribunate Labour M.P. for Northampton North.

It is not often that any *Spearhead* writer has occasion to give praise to any Labour M.P., let alone a member of the Tribune Group. But praise is certainly due to Ms. Colquhoun on two counts:

Firstly, she has had the intellectual integrity to determine that her past attitudes on Immigration were wrong. Bearing in mind what a fetish the Left make of promoting multi-racialism as a Good in itself, and taking into account the massive deluge of propaganda constantly applied by the various organs of the Establishment itself — to say nothing of *Tribune* magazine itself — on all Parliamentary politicians to worship at the altar of racial integration, it was quite a feat for Ms. Colquhoun to think her way carefully through the issue and come to an 'heretical' view.

Secondly, having determined her new view she had the moral courage to do her duty as a politician and speak her mind plainly — a rare event indeed! Furthermore, she chose to speak her mind immediately after Enoch Powell had made a particularly dramatic speech on the subject of race and Immigration about which she knew her Labour colleagues (and indeed the majority of Tories) would be howling blue murder.

In other words, she not only had the guts publicly to express her change of mind on multi-racialism (brave enough, bearing in mind the vindictive and vituperative capacities of her Tribunate colleagues) but she deliberately chose to put herself in the firing line alongside the man who Leftists, from earliest youth, are taught to believe is Satan in human form.

One of the most important propaganda weapons in the armoury of those who seek to impose multi-racial chaos on Britain is the power, through controlled Parliamentary political parties, through the controlled 'news' media, and through controlled pressure groups of various types, to make those who oppose Immigration — such as Enoch Powell and the National Front — appear in the minds of the masses to be "isolated", "on the fringe", "cut off from decent society", "shunned" and "trapped in the political wilderness".

Harold Wilson exemplified this technique perfectly when he described Peter Griffiths (the political con-man who won the Smethwick constituency for the Conservatives in the 1964 by-election with the

slogan: "If you want a Nigger for a Neighbour — Vote Labour!") as a "Parliamentary leper". This attack was given massive and sympathetic (to Wilson) coverage by the whole media. This had the effect of persuading Griffiths that he was an object of universal loathing (a false impression, as Fleet Street journalists' opinions are not representative of society at large) and had the effect of persuading the public it was no good electing an anti-Immigration M.P. to Parliament as he would be boycotted and neutralised.

This treatment silenced Griffiths. Whether he had any real intention during his election campaign of **doing something** about stopping Immigration when he got to Parliament is open to question. The fact is that he was so shocked by the way in which he was attacked and isolated that his spirit was crushed and he did not utter a word in Parliament on the subject of Immigration, or any other subject, until he lost his seat.

Just the same sort of techniques have been applied against Enoch Powell. He is slandered in the Press and on the T.V. Politicians anxious to ingratiate themselves with the Establishment are granted big coverage whenever they attack him, especially when they are Conservatives. Nonentity pressure groups are quoted by the yard attacking him. Red hooligan organisations are **organised** to mob his meetings — even to riot during an *Any Questions?* radio programme in which he was a member of the panel.

Everything has been done to impose psychological pressure on Powell himself to make him believe that he is "cut off", "finished", "failed" and "rejected". Everything has been done to try and persuade the British public (with singular lack of success) that Powell is "unpopular" and a "focus of trouble".

Powell has been able to overcome this 'leper' propaganda technique firstly because he is a man of greater character and intellectual depth than Griffiths. Secondly, Powell was an established politician with a public reputation as one of the 'big' men of Parliament before he made his first anti-Immigration speech; before, therefore, the Establishment subjected him to the technique which proved so effective against the nobody Griffiths.

Even if such a campaign has failed where Powell and his public are concerned, it (and successful campaigns such as that against Griffiths) serves as a "*pour encourager les autres*" object lesson for ambitious young politicians of all parties that those who stray from the orthodox Establishment line on race risk being cut off from the paths that

lead to preferment and pilloried by the media.

*"... Always keep a hold of nurse,
For fear of finding something worse!"*

Now I'm sure that Ms. Colquhoun must have been aware of the techniques that are applied against race rebels. Indeed, for her to have been elected to her present office of Treasurer of the Tribune Group indicates that she must have been the trusted partner-in-crime of all sorts of nasties such as Ian Mikardo, Sid Bidwell, Renee Short and many others who have led spiteful campaign after spiteful campaign (including campaigns which produced savage physical violence) against all who dare to oppose the multi-racialist amock-run.

Thus I say that for her to have spoken out publicly not only as she did but **when** she did took a very considerable amount of courage.

She will, I have no doubt, be subjected to even more vindictiveness than Powell by her associates, for by speaking out in support of Enoch Powell not just as a Labour M.P. but as a Left-Wing Tribunate M.P., she has at a stroke wrecked the carefully contrived propaganda illusion that the Establishment has built up around Powell — i.e. that he is an "isolated voice in the wilderness" whose views are quirky, even "mad" and certainly "unrepresentative of mainstream political thought".

If Ms. Colquhoun, an extreme Socialist, can stand up and support an anti-Immigration speech by Enoch Powell, an extreme Capitalist (two extremes rejected by we 'moderates' of the National Front!) then the British public will realise that the looming dangers of multi-racialism are phenomena which all sorts of people think about and worry about, and are not just the "nightmare visions of an embittered lonely old man" — which is what the Establishment's media would have the public believe.

This realisation in turn will assist the ordinary folk of Britain to feel less guilty about their "racialist" instincts, less ready to lower their voices and look furtive when they are in their local pub discussing Immigration and a stranger comes in, more ready to defy the psychological intimidation of the press, the T.V. and the Race Relations Act.

"All my life I have worked for a multi-racial society, but I am now living in one and my attitude has shifted. I think this is a problem the Government has got to deal with and not pretend it isn't there," says Ms. Colquhoun, the Tribunate Labour M.P.

I tell you the rotten multi-racial edifice is crumbling fast. Our time of opportunity will soon be upon us.

Bristol NF Protest Against 'Death of Free Speech' Council Ban



Bristol NF members carry the 'coffin' inscribed "Death of Democracy" to the Council House in Bristol.

BRISTOL Branch of the National Front marched to the city's Council House last month in protest against the ban imposed on the hiring of Council halls by the National Front.

A coffin marked 'Death of Democracy' was carried by NF members to the Council House and Wing Commander Lewis-Witham, a veteran of both world wars and a member of Bristol Branch, laid a wreath inscribed "In Memory of Free Speech". Wing Cmdr. Witham, well known to NF members for his participation in the annual Remembrance Day ceremony in London, made a speech outside condemning the Labour-inspired ban on the NF's right of assembly.

NF members ignored a hissing mob of unhygienic International Socialist students who crawled alongside the march.

In the Council debate on the ban the following day, which upheld the decision, an interesting admission was made by Labour councillor Roy Morris, chairman of the Arts & Leisure committee which instituted the ban. He defended his decision by saying it was Labour party policy to ban the use of halls by the National Front. This confirms the recent front-page story in *National Front News* which suggested that there was a nationwide conspiracy, centrally organised by the Labour party, to deny the NF access to Council-owned meeting places.

Only days after the decision to uphold the ban (Tories voted with the Labour party), the Communist Party was allowed to meet in the Council-owned Bristol Corn Exchange! "The Communist Party," said



Wing Cmdr. Lewis-Witham, with the wreath, on the steps of Bristol's Council House.

left-wing Labour councillor John McLaren, "is not comparable to the disgusting and obscene National Front."

One of the shocking things which the NF had done in Bristol to warrant the ban, said Cllr. McLaren, was the display of "posters with disgusting slogans on them" — like *Your Last Chance* and *Put Britain First!*

NF to fight Westminster by-election

THE National Front is to fight the forthcoming Parliamentary by-election in the Cities of London & Westminster South, caused by the impending departure of Tory M.P. Christopher Tugendhat for a post with Roy Jenkins on the E.E.C. Commission.

The NF's candidate is Mr. Paul Kavanagh, 49. Mr. Kavanagh is an engineer who has built up a successful business designing and manufacturing the most advanced types of machine tool equipment. A resident of the Barbican in the City of London, he is a candidate well acquainted with the constituency and its problems.

Paul Kavanagh joined the National Front in 1975, and is Treasurer of Islington Branch. He has also contributed his valuable expertise as a member of the party's Finance Committee.



PAUL KAVANAGH

He is well known as a platform speaker of flair and dynamism, and was an able chairman of the election rally at Cambridge recently.

Branches from all over London will be helping in this election following a meeting of London Organisers with the National Elections Department last month. Helpers are needed now for work in the constituency. Contact your local Organiser or NF Head Office for details.

TO LET

Large furnished room. Quiet & clean area. Use of bathroom etc. For NF members only. Streatham Common. £12 p/w.

New National Elections Department formed

AT A special conference of the Executive Council of the Directorate and key Regional Organisers with expertise in the work of elections, a new National Elections Department of the National Front was formed last month.

Chaired by NF Chairman John Tyndall, the conference considered the electoral challenges facing the NF in the near future and discussed ways and means of improving the party's electoral performance at local and national level.

The main outcome of this highly successful conference was the creation of the new Elections Department. Its chief personnel are Mr. Desmond Fenwick (Chairman, Islington Branch); Mr. Andrew Brons (Chairman of the Directorate's Education & Training Department); Mr. Anthony Reed-Herbert (Organiser, Leicester Branch); Mr. Don South (East London & Essex Regional Agent); Mr. Sidney Chaney (Organiser, Islington Branch); and Mr. Mike Cowley of Manchester Branch, with responsibility for press relations. Further co-options will be made by the Department.

The two main tasks of the Department will be the planning for the next General Election, a major operation in view of the NF's aim to field over 300 candidates; and the establishment of a G.L.C. co-ordinating committee to plan the party's effort in the May Greater London Council elections, in which the National Front will fight the maximum number of seats. A planning meeting of London Organisers for the G.L.C. elections was held by the Department last month. Currently, the Department is managing the by-elections pending in Stechford and Westminster.

ANTI-IMMIGRATION RALLY IN BIRMINGHAM — SAT. FEB. 26th

Remember the date, and keep it free. Full details of the rally will be announced in the Jan/Feb *NF Members Bulletin*.

The rally will be in support of our candidate in the Stechford (Birmingham) by-election, Andrew Brons, who is currently being prosecuted by the Leeds Race Relations Board.

Let's have a BIG turn-out to give him our support!

Show the Flag

FLAGS, ROSETTES,
POLES ETC.
SEND STAMP FOR LIST

W. BROWN, 20 SUTTON WAY,
HESTON, MIDDX, TW5 0JA

NF March for British Trawlermen



NF members march through Fleetwood

THE National Front went on the march through Fleetwood last month in support of British trawlermen and their fishing rights.

Organised by Blackpool & Fylde Branch of the NF and led by their chairman, Mr. Alvin Hanson, the march of over 100 flag-bearing NF members assembled at Fleetwood Docks and set out down the High Street, where it was joined by members of the public.

The march ended on Jubilee Quay where Fleetwood inshoremen stopped work on their boats to listen to the speeches from Mr. Hanson, prospective NF Parliamentary candidate for Blackpool North, and Mr. John Hamilton, prospective NF Parliamentary candidate for Bolton East. Speakers also included Mr. David Riley, chairman of Accrington & Blackburn Branch and Mr. Barry Bowell, chairman of Bolton Branch.

Mr. Hanson denounced the treason of

Westminster in allowing the Common Market to dictate Britain's reduced fishing limits, and called for the re-establishment of an undisputed 50-mile fishing limit for British trawlermen. He condemned Iceland's "acts of piracy" and the "sheer unadulterated greed" of her fishing limit claims. A 50 mile limit, he said, would be completely adequate for her need to protect breeding grounds.

Mr. Hanson told listening trawlermen: "If you were members of a so-called under-developed country in Africa, these same politicians would be bending over backwards to protect your interests, blockading Reykjavik with what is left of the Royal Navy."

The highly successful march and meeting ended with seventeen Fleetwood people staying behind to enquire about joining the National Front, the nucleus of a future NF Group in the sea port.

NOW AVAILABLE — N.F. FILMS

These films are obtainable for public showing. Equipment is also available. Branch Organisers should contact the producer in writing concerning conditions of showing.

N.F. Remembrance Day March 1976. Colour/Sound. Approx. 10 mins.

The biggest event in the NF calendar. Ex-servicemen and women join ranks with thousands of young NF members for this annual event which grows larger every year. This short film shows informal close-ups of various NF Branch members forming up near Victoria, then follows the march to Parliament Square.

The National Front in Leicester (1974). Colour/Sound. Approx. ½ hour.

A small gathering of NF supporters develops into a mass demonstration of thousands. Leftists scream abuse at the Union Jack but they do not control the streets of Leicester any more. A colourful film record of the event.

ALSO OBTAINABLE:—

Breakdown of a Society (1974). Colour/Sound. Approx. ½ hour.

Documentary on the social condition of Britain today, and the ruinous effects of the multi-racial experiment.

The Clerical Error (1977). Colour/Sound. Approx. ½ hour.

Documentary on immigration. Sequences filmed in Notting Hill and Southall. Shots of Cabinet ministers, TUC leaders and Labour M.P.s marching with a rag-bag army of Blacks and Communists.

Filmed and Produced by James Macintyre, 98 Western Avenue, Herne Bay, Kent.

ADVICE TO THE NATIONALIST STUDENT

Reprinted in abridged form from the author's collection of essays VENTILATIONS (Howard Allen, Box 76, Cape Canaveral, Florida). Directed at young Americans, it is applicable to young members of the 'majority' in Britain too.

THE overweening intellectual pride and nauseating infallibility of the present-day rulers of American education make them extremely vulnerable to objective criticism. For example, a recent manifesto of a strident organization known as the Committee Against Racism states very clearly that academic freedom should not be extended to those who question the equalitarian theories that now dominate the social sciences. Paradoxically, such propaganda is of more value to its targets than its propagators, because it illuminates the shadowy policies of shadowy opponents.

There is no doubt that the muzzling of freedom of inquiry will increase to the point where the few books that expose the contemporary perversion of the educational process will fall under a total ban. Here again, the long-range gain will be ours. Already a few Majority social scientists of international reputation have begun to feel outraged at the boldfaced attempts of liberal-minority indoctrinators to ostracize from our schools, not only the scientific method, but the entire tradition of Western learning. Any present loss in the ability to publish will be compensated by more direct support from more than a few leading scholars.

Mounting intolerance and more frequent inquisitorial witch hunts on the part of liberal-minority professors and their student trenchermen open up a wide range of counteractivities by a few "unsold" Majority

undergraduates. One of the first things to be done is to press for the definition of racism and racist. What category fits the Negro who shoots down white policemen or white passersby? Is the Negro or minority writer who writes book-length racial slurs against the Majority a racist? Black movies produced by Jews preach open violence against Majority men and women, including rape, murder and arson. Yet somehow, in the eyes of the Committee Against Racism these movies are not racist. As a matter of fact, Susan Sontag, who wrote, "The white race is the cancer of history," is not considered a racist, but an anti-racist.

By bringing out these contradictions, by clearly demonstrating the inconsistencies in liberal-minority semantics, the Majority undergraduate can easily show that it is he, not the minority student, who is the real victim of racism and bigotry. The lies directed against the Majority actually become truths when redirected against the enemies of the Majority.

The racial antennae of the opposition are very sensitive. Although the mass media are under tight control, freedom of inquiry, moribund as it is, still emits a few feeble gasps in remote segments of academia. Something similar occurred in the Dark Ages, where classical learning was kept alive for centuries by a few courageous monks. For this reason, it is precisely in academia, where they are protected by the few surviving sparks of a great educational tradition, that Majority students should make a stand against environmentalism, equalitarianism, Marxism and Freudianism — the four horsemen of the present-day intellectual apocalypse.

Needless to say, the most important

part of your activity should take place in the classroom. Saturate yourself in the social sciences. Endeavour to know more about your course than your teacher, which in many cases will not be too difficult, since he is an overspecialist in outworn clichés. Challenge him constantly with philosophical and historical references contradicting his point of view. Dare him to assign outside reading which gives the opposite side of the coin. Ask him to permit classroom debates on various sensitive topics. Obviously, at one point or another, he will reject your proposals. Now you have him exactly where you want him. You can easily show that he is guilty of the most heinous of all crimes known to the academic community — intellectual cowardice. The person who is supposed to deal exclusively in ideas turns out to be afraid of ideas. Since no one loves a coward, you ought to be able to win over a few of your unbrainwashed Majority classmates. And it is well to remember that at this stage of the battle one intelligent young convert is worth one thousand aged "patriots" and "Constitution savers".

Whatever line of activity you pursue on campus, always put your opponents on the defensive by accusing them of being the real bigots. But use the tongue-in-cheek approach and reduce the level of argumentation to a minimum. The moment you raise your voice, you are no longer in command of the situation. Keep your head and you will force your teachers to do their homework and to decelerate their hit-and-run indoctrination. At the same time, you will have greatly increased student interest, as you endeavour to turn each class session into a dramatic confrontation.

To be a St. George and rescue a few captive Majority minds from the dragon of minority racism and liberal dogmatism is a worthy mission and a most rewarding and creative way of spending your college days. If nothing else, it will be good training for the more intense struggle that awaits you after you get your degree. Things are not going to change overnight. But if someone does not get around to changing them in your lifetime, this country may not be a country a century from now.

FIND OUT ABOUT THE NATIONAL FRONT

Send 15p for information pack.

Name

Send 20p extra for copy of manifesto for
General Election of October, 1974.

Address

To: NATIONAL FRONT
91 CONNAUGHT ROAD
TEDDINGTON, MIDDX.
(Tel. 01-977 2452)

I enclose